	Mandatory	Health-Rela		Carnhope Irrig nual Drinking W dards Are Establis	ater Qua		
Parameter	Unit of Measure	MCL MCLG Source <u>(Grou</u> nd Water) <u>2</u> 4			d Level	Likely Source of Contamination	As you can see by the table, our system had no violations above the allowed Maximum Contaminant Levels. We're
Microbiology 24 Tests were taken durin		eriod					proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State
Total Coliform Bactria		0 Detection					requirements.
Fecal Coliform and E. Coli Inorganic Chemicals		No Detections		s			
Nitrate	mg/l	10	10		1.14	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits	REDUCE DOMESTICE WATER USE BY 3% OVER THE NEXT 6 YEARS. THIS WILL CONSERVE WATER AND PREVENTS WASTE!!!
				Sample Taker	n8/6/24	Next sample due 08/25	
Gross alpha	pCI/L	15	15	- 3.00 +/- 7.64		Naturally occuring in soil	
Radium 228	pCI/L	5	5	- 0.186 +/- 0.37	71	Naturally occuring in soil	
Complete Inorganic (IOC)				Sample Taker	n 12/08/2016	next sample October 2025	
Volatile Organics (VOC)		Sample Taken 10/18/22			n 10/18/22		
Herbacides		Samples Taken 12/08/16			and some he flat the 2002		
		Samples Taken 12/06/16		en 12/08/16			
Pesticide PFAS					next sample date October 2025		
PFAS Perflourobutanesulfonic	PFBS/ug/l			No Detection		Per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) are a family of chemicals used since the 1950s. to manufacture stain-resistant, water-resistant, and non-stick products.	
Perfluoroheptanoic acid	PFHpa/ug/l			No Detection		PFAS are widely used in common consumer products as coatings, on food packaging,	
Perfluorexanesulfonic Acid	PFHxS/ug/l			No Detection		outdoor clothing, carpets, leather goods, ski and snowboard waxes, and	
Perfluorononanoic aid	PFNA/ug/l			No Detection		Certain types of firefighting foam—historically used by the U.S. military, local fire	
Perfluorononanoic aid Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid			No Detections			departments.and airports-may contain PFAS.	
Perfluorooctanoic acid PFOA/ug/l			No Detections			Samples taken 9/13/18, next sample August 2024	
	Lead	0.015				10 samples taken 9/13/23 next sample Sept-26	
	Copper	1.3		No Detections a	above MCL	10 samples taken 9/13/23 next sample Sept-26	
Abbreviations Notes ND= Not Detected		Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG/The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no			amour water effects	ing water, including bottles water, may reasonably be expected to contain small nts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not indicate that poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health s can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe ing Water Hotline(800-426-4791)	t 4613 E. Third Ave.
which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements mg/L= milligrams per liter		known or expected risk to health. Some I Treatment Technique or TT: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water. with H			gener: under with F partic water lessen	People may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the al population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer going chemo-therapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be ularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to risk of infection to <i>Cryptosporidiam</i> and other microbial contaminatns are ble from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791)	E-mail: carnhope7@comcast.net Contact I Person: Nathaniel Kennicutt Superintendent Regular Scheduled Board Meetings are held the first Tuesday of every month at 7:00 P.M.